## Patch Textures:

## Hardware Implementation of Mesh Colors

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## Textures . . . Have Problems



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## TEXTURES . . . HAVE PROBLEMS



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## Lots of Different Approaches


(70) What does industry actually use?
(Figure [Yuksel et al. 2019])

## Texture Data Living on Surfaces!

- Ptex and Mesh Colors



## Texture Data Living on Surfaces!

- Film uses texture data directly on surfaces
- Much easier to model!
- Get all the rendering benefits too
- Ptex widely (sometimes exclusively) used
- Mesh Colors has also been used in production


## Mesh Colors and Ptex



Every model has a list of patches, each with its own separate texture.

## Mesh Colors and Ptex



$$
\begin{array}{|llll|llll}
\hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{array} \quad\left\{\begin{array}{llll} 
& 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\text { Ptex } & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
& 0 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right.
$$

## Mesh Colors or Ptex . . . In Realtime?

- Possible [McDonald 2013], [Yuksel et al. 2010], ...
- Still less-practical than 2D textures due to SW (or SW+HW) implementation:
- Software is much-slower than hardware!
- Complicated to emulate filtering functionality
- Implementation limitations


## Mesh Color Textures [Yuksel 2017]

- Implements Mesh Colors using standard 2D textures
- Almost as fast as 2D textures for simple filtering
- Added shader complexity
- Complicated implementation
- Anisotropic filtering problematic
- What if the required HW changes to implement directly were small?


## Our Contribution

- We show that implementing Mesh Colors on existing GPUs would require minimal HW changes
- Introduce "patch texture" representation-this is what makes the required HW changes minor!

> Can leverage existing storage! Can leverage existing filtering HW!
> Edge-crossing unnecessary
> Similar performance expected

## Patch Textures



Standard 2D Texture


Set of Patch Textures

## Patch Textures



Standard 2D Texture
Set of Patch Textures
Individual Patch Texture

## Patch Textures



Individual Patch Texture

## Patch Textures


$(u, v)$ and (s,t) coordinates in a patch texture

## Patch Textures



2D Texture ( $u, v$ ) andu( $(\mathbf{s})$ tand ( $s, t$ ) coordinates in a patchPeterturexture ( $u, v$ ) and ( $s, t)$

## Patch Texture Storage

- Very similar to standard 2D textures


## Patch Texture Storage (Mipmaps)

- Very similar to standard 2D textures
- Most GPUs store in e.g. $4 \times 4$ tiles
- If mesh textures are $2^{\mathrm{n}}+1$ on a side, requires padding


## Patch Texture Storage (Mipmaps)



Standard 2D texture

## Patch Texture Storage (Mipmaps)



## Patch Texture Storage (Triangular Patches)

- Triangular patch textures do not map nicely to 2D storage
- Not necessarily a problem
- Quad-dominant meshes standard
- Patch textures typically small
- Clever workarounds exist (though require more HW changes)


## Patch Texture Storage (Triangular Patches)



## Patch Texture Storage (Triangular Patches)



## FILTERING (QuADRILATERAL PATCHES)

-Exactly the same as for 2D textures!

- (Except we don't need the half-texel shift of 2D textures for $(\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{t}) \mapsto(\mathrm{u}, \mathrm{v})$ conversion.)


2D Texture


Quad Patch Texture

## Filtering (Triangular Patches)

-Triangular patches use barycentric filtering

- Many possible ways to tweak existing logic so that it can implement this
- Mostly, just pass 0 in some places (see paper)


## Anisotropic Filtering

- Same process as for 2D textures
- However, we now have the chance to detect patch boundaries!


## Anisotropic Filtering (Patch Boundaries)



What to do about out-ofpatch samples?

## Anisotropic Filtering (Patch Boundaries)



## Anisotropic Filtering (Patch Boundaries)



Clamping the points to the edge changes the filter shape.

## Anisotropic Filtering (Patch Boundaries)



## Clipping the filter is a

 simple alternative.
## Anisotropic Filtering (Patch Boundaries)



## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison

- Any approach is acceptable
- None of the methods reveal the edges
- Ground truth not expected without edge-crossing
- This is because not filtering across edges, like in 2D textures


## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison



Patch Edges


Ground Truth

## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison



Patch Edges


Clamped

## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison



Patch Edges


Clipped

## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison



Patch Edges


Ground Truth

## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison



Patch Edges


Clamped+MSAA

## Anisotropic Filtering Comparison



Patch Edges


Clipped+MSAA

## Proof of Concept

- Implemented all algorithms in GPU renderer


## PROOF OF CONCEPT


(15124 patches)

## Conclusion

- Implementing Mesh Colors requires only minimal changes to existing GPU hardware
- Takeaway for vendors: go implement it already! $)$


## QUESTIONS



## Why is it Harder with Ptex?

- Ptex and Mesh Colors have minor theoretical differences (they are duals of each-other), but this leads to significant difficulty in-practice.
- Main problem is that edge-crossing is required for correct filtering in Ptex.


## Why is it Harder with Ptex?



## Why is it Harder with Ptex?



## Why is it Harder with Ptex?



## Filtering (Quadrilateral Patches)



## Filtering (Triangular Patches)



