Hardware-Accelerated Global Illumination by Image Space Photon Mapping

Morgan McGuire Williams College

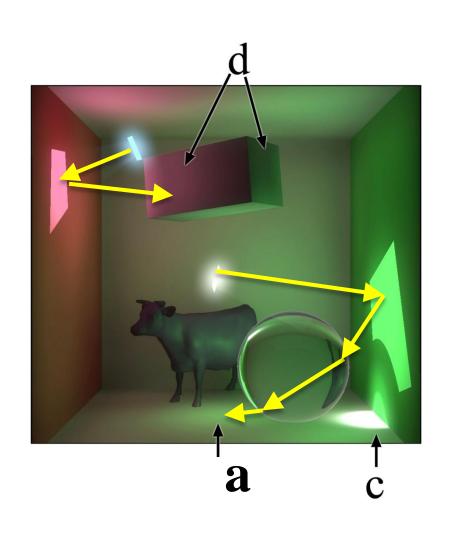


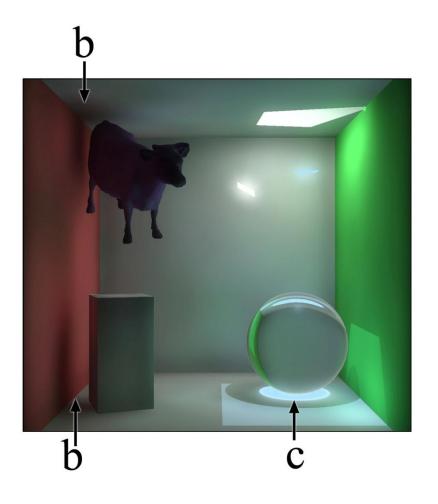
David Luebke
NVIDIA Corporation



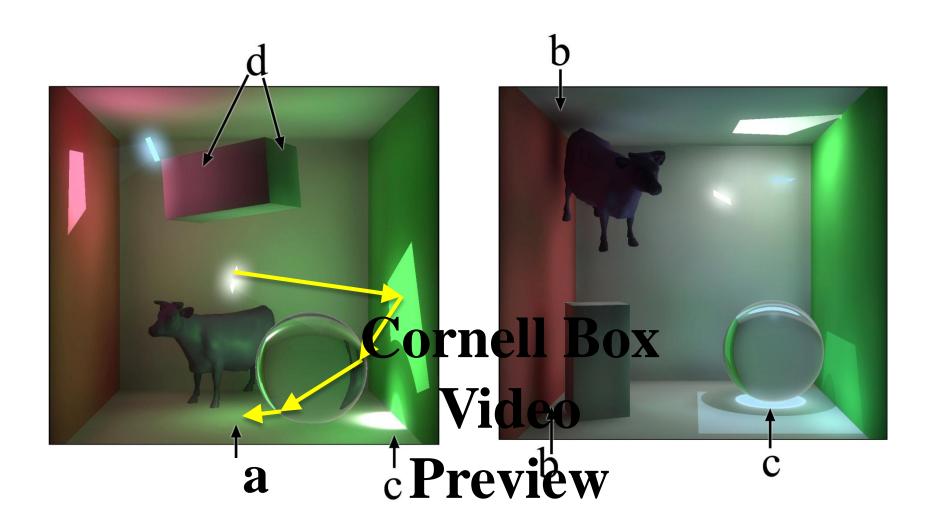


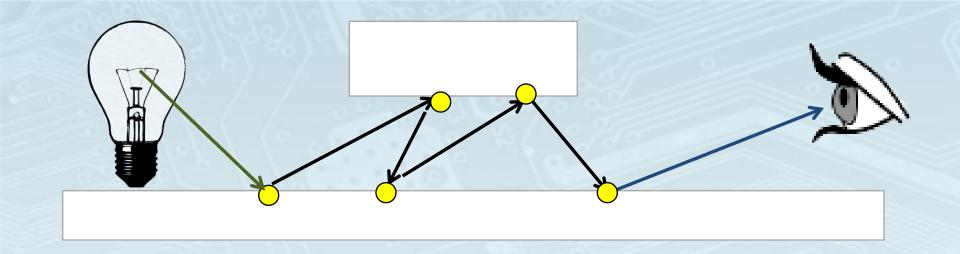
Goal: Globahith Chobatithumination

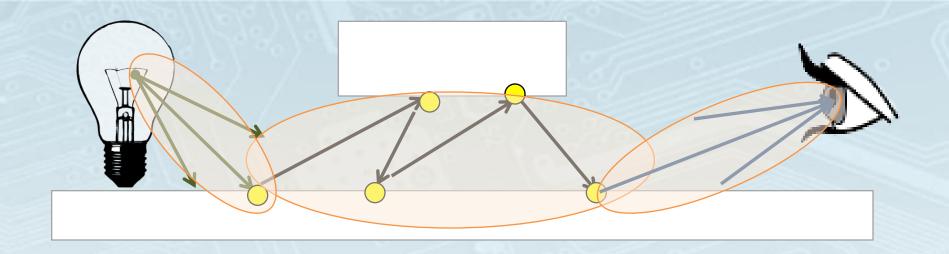




Goal: Dynamic Globabbalminatioation







Photon Mapping Time (seconds)

e.g., [Jensen 96, 01, Pharr and Humphreys 04]

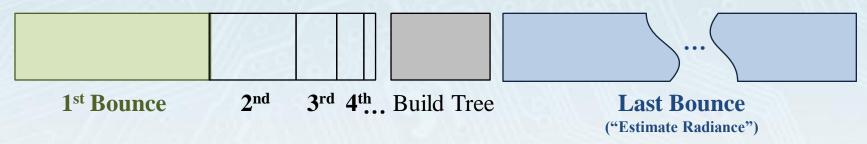
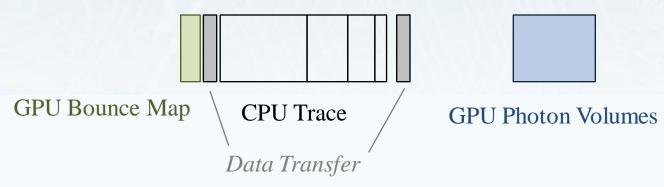


Image Space Photon Mapping (milliseconds)



Global Illumination Algorithms

Fast GPU methods

Diffuse caustics

[Kruger et al. 06, Shah and Konttinen 07, Wyman and Nichols 09]

Diffuse reflection

[Dachsbacher and Stamminger 05, 06, Dachsbacher et al. 07, Dong et al. 07]

Ambient occlusion

[Shanmugam & Arikan 07, Mittring 07]

Indirect shadowing

[Laine et al. 07, Ritschel et al. 08] Best ... or worst ... of both

ISPM

[Parker et al. 99, Wald et al. 01,

Purcell et al. 03, Lavignotte and Paulin 03,

Herzog et al. 07, Horn et al. 07,

Popov et al. 07, Zhou et al. 08,

Robinson 09]

Path tracing [Kajiya 86]

MLT [Veach and Guibas 97]

Photon mapping [Jensen 96]

Stochastic ray tracing [Cook et al. 84]

Bidirectional path tracing [Veach and Guibas 94]

General CPU methods



Assumptions

- Point light
- Pinhole camera

Limitations

- Clipping at near plane annoying, but ignorable/avoidable
- 4x more expensive than direct illumination (heavy fill consumption)
- Consistent, but biased (like photon mapping)



System

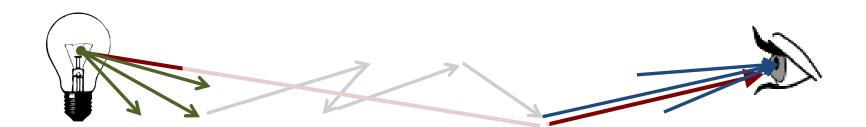
CPU Trace



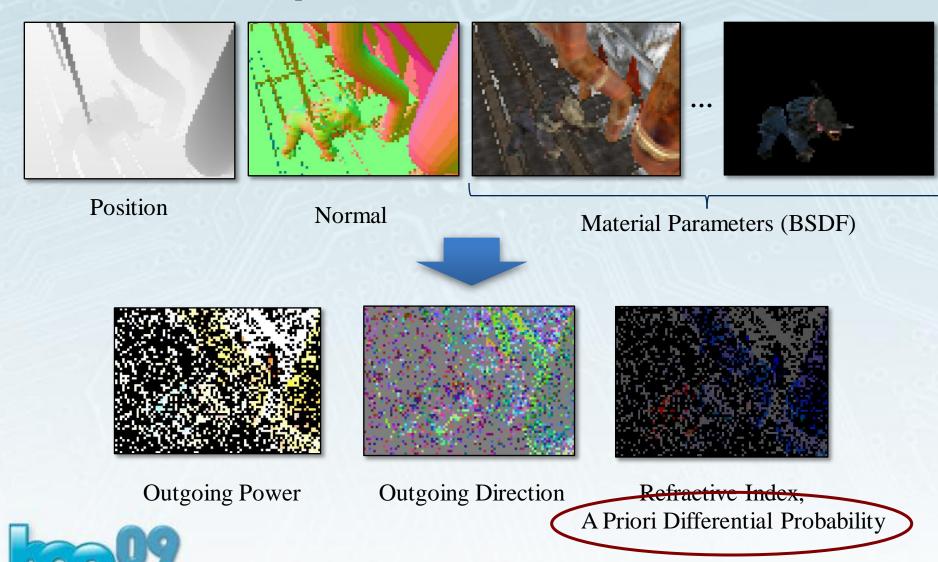
1st Bounce:
Bounce Map

Direct + Shadows

Last Bounce: Photon Volumes



Bounce Map



Run a CPU Trace



Compute Direct Illumination on the GPU



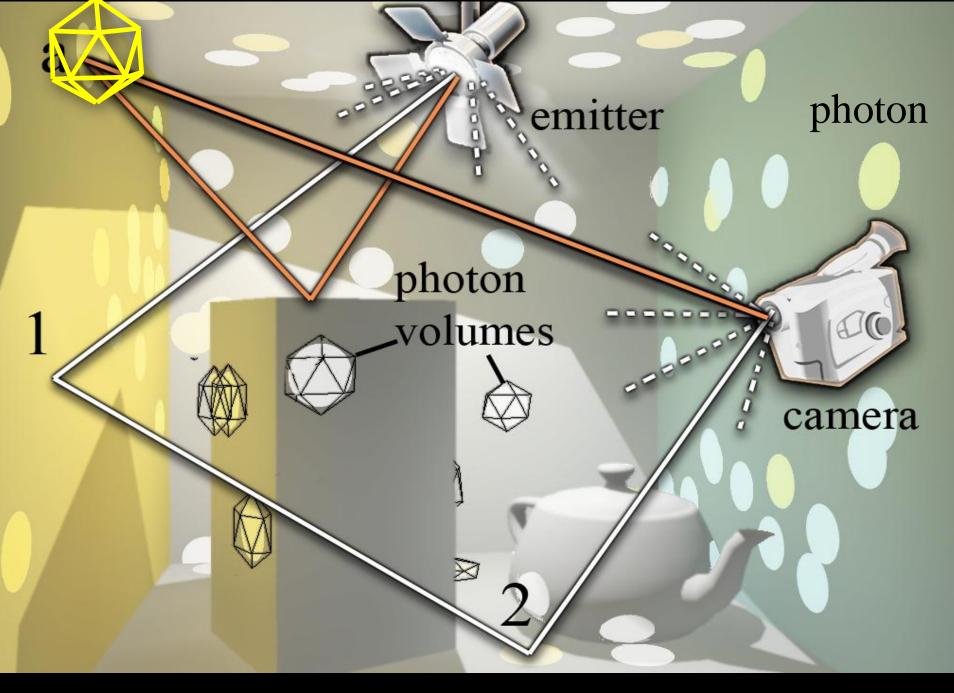
Radiance Estimate

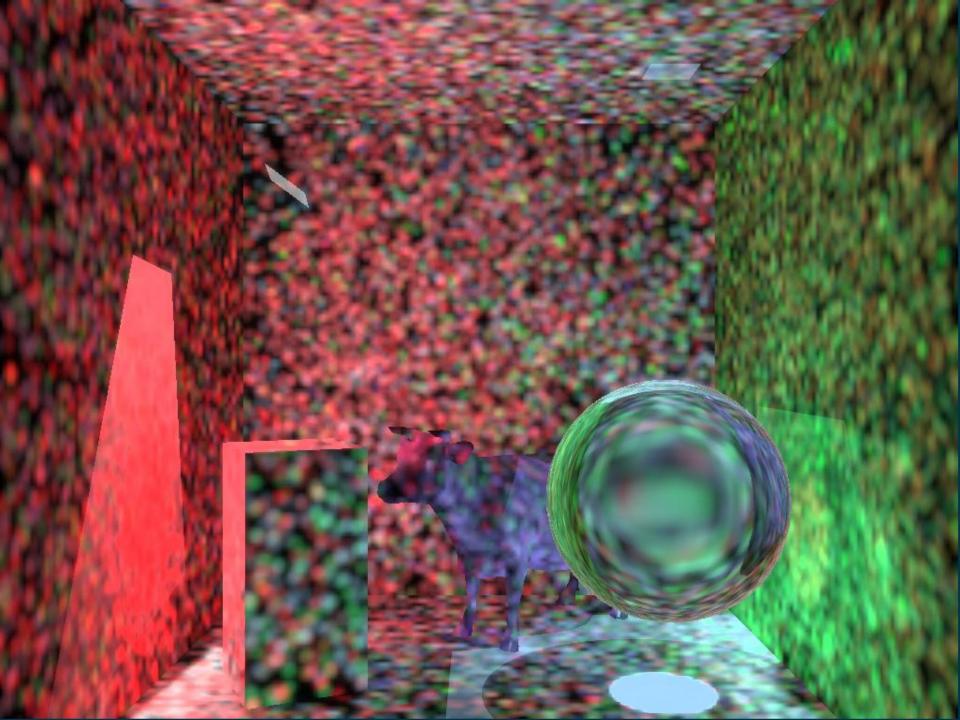


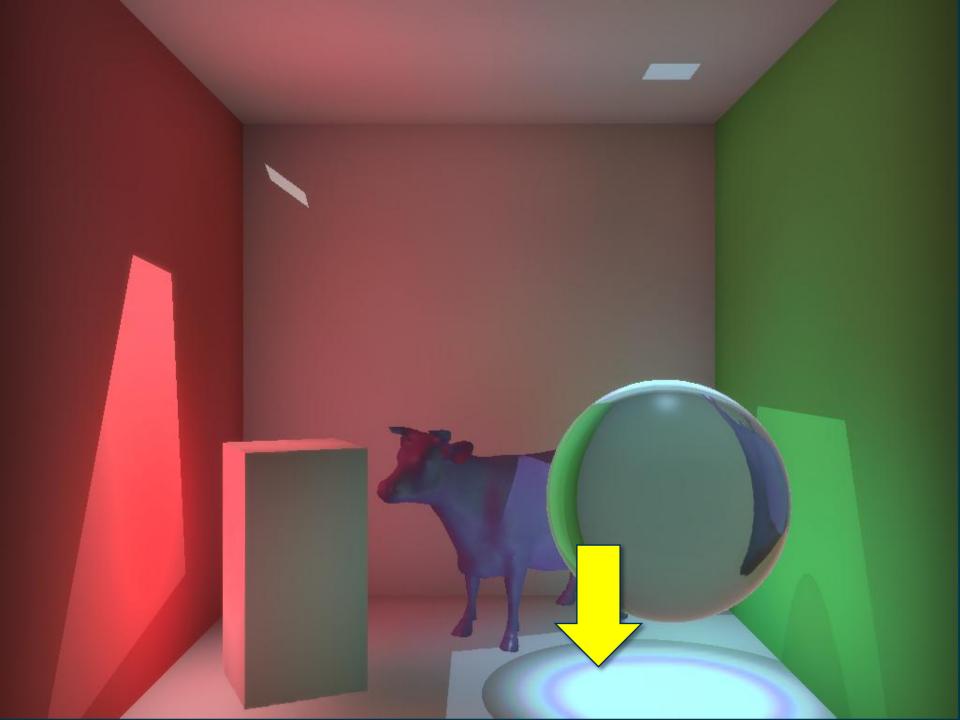


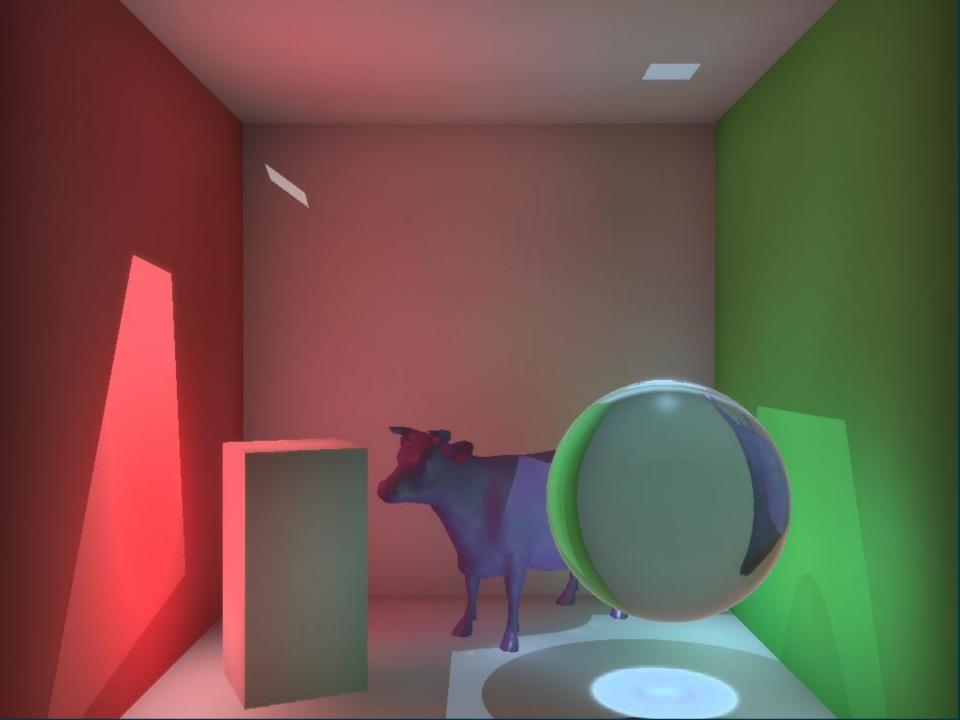
- Traditional photon mapping: gather
 - Per pixel
 - k-NN search in k-d tree
 - World-space (3D)
- Image-space photon mapping: scatter
 - Per photon
 - Hardware rasterization using photon volumes
 - Image space (2D)











Photon Volumes

 Invoke an illumination contribution on all pixels for which a photon might be a valid estimate of incident radiance

- Not virtual point lights (a.k.a. instant radiosity)
- Not 2D splatting

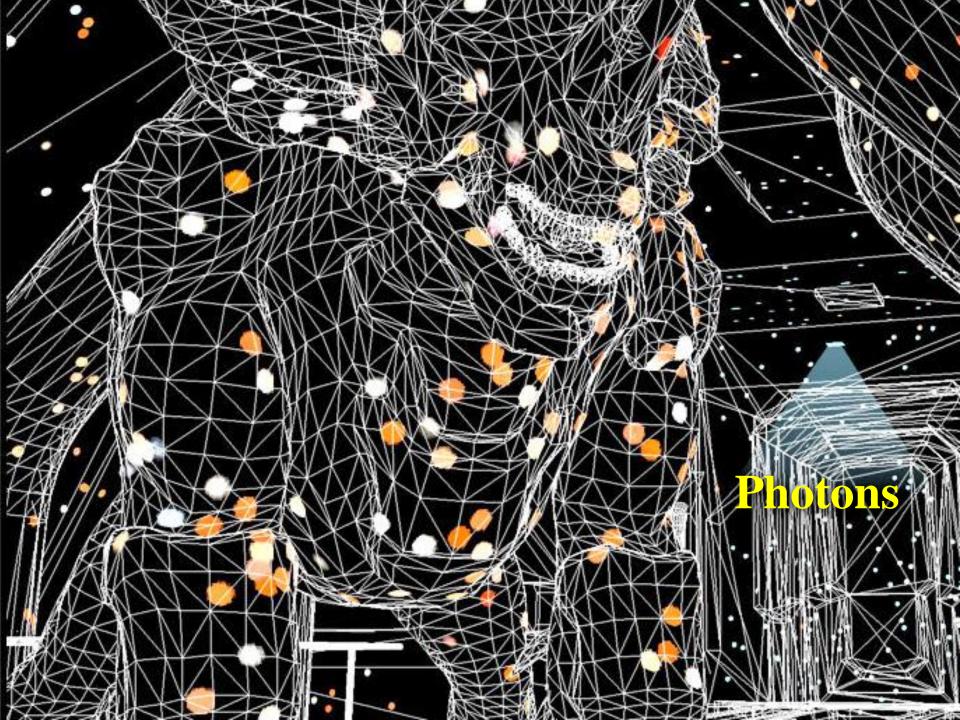


Results

All at 1920 x 1080
No LOD
Lit from scratch every frame







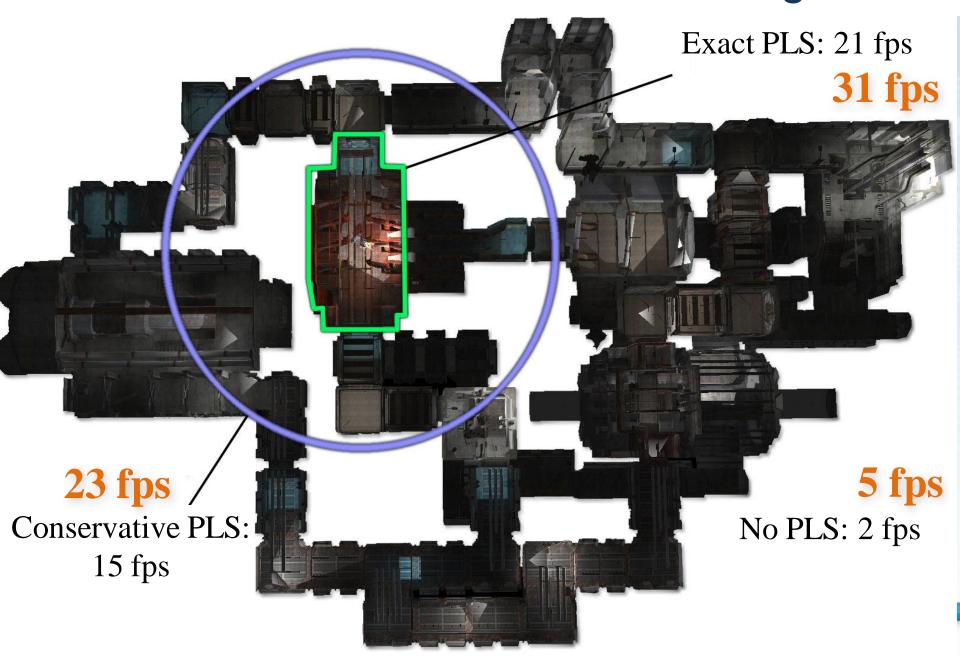








Performance @ 1920 x 1080, 30 lights



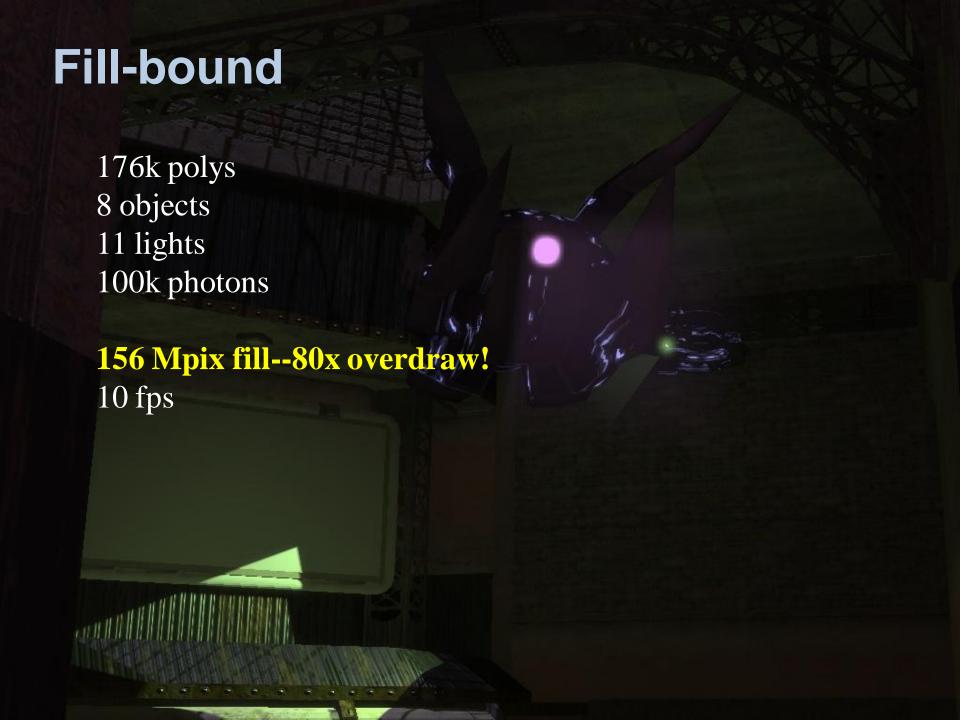
Performance Details

		/		/	/	,	//	/		/		//2	/ /		/s	/.	/	/	//	
nn ^e	/	Merre 2: Polygons	A: Static Poly	5: Orrante P	S. Dyna	1. Emi	cts steets tritted one	stons in	rect Bounces	11: Subset	12. Total Pind	on His Stored P	notors the day of the	pe * Mirror Ins Spatency Bour 15: Gray Bour	16: All Copies	SPU Trace	18: GRU Radii	arce Lens) 19: Direct Or	20: full Global Fe's	
1:Steine	/ 🔆	Heure Polygon	A:Sta	15.0h	(8.04)	1:50	S.En.	9:Ind	70.80	13:50	//2:00	355	A.G. Shade Ita	15. C. MSI	78. W. COOK	J.0	18: Crestin	29.O.	20.50	
Ironworks (Car)	1	161,612	141,492	20,120	20	`2´	8,448	1	1920x1080	4x4	7,162	3,450	14.2	0.1	6.2	17.2	8.1	121.8	26.5	
		161,612	141,492	20,120	20	2	8,448	3	1920x1080	4x4	8,846	5,134	14.2	0.1	6.3	24.8	10.2	121.8	20.6	
Ironworks (Water)	8	121,962	66,734	55,228	1	1	26,896	1	1920x1080	4x4	37,806	18,852	8.9	0.1	13.5	49	8.2	159.9	13.4	
		121,962	66,734	55,228	1	1	40,000	1	1920x1080	2x2	56,689	28,273	9	0.1	19.7	72.7	16.9	159.9	8.7	
NS2 (Cargo Bay PVS)	13	73,081	58,319	14,762	1	4	20,356	3	1920x1080	6x6	12,228	7,143	12.5	0.1	8	21.6	9.6	138.9	21.4	
(Cargo Bay PVS)		73,081	58,319	14,762	1	4	20356	1	1920x1080	6x6	10,004	4,919	12.6	0.1	7.6	16.1	8.8	138.9	26.7	
(Circled PVS)	_	404,773	257,153	147,620	10	4	20,356	3	1920x1080	6x6	12,578	7,489	17.2	0.1	8.3	29.9	21.0	95.7	15.2	
(Full Map)	9	-,,	880,403	310,002	21	30	95,948	3	1920x1080	6x6	97,982	61,000	150.2	0.7	67	284.4	14.5	6.5	2.0	
Glass Sphere	11		4,022	4,012	2	5_	26,640	2	512x512	6x6	19,343	10,941	2.2	0.6	9.8	8.9	3.8	199.0	38.8	
		8,034	4,022	4,012	2	5	137,780	2		3x3 6x6	108,569	66,447	2.5	0.8	36.1	31.0	21.4	199.0	10.3	
n! . ! n		8,034	4,022	4,012	2	5	18,000				12,935	7,319	9.0	0.3	7.6	4.0	11.3	163.0	34.1	
Objects in Box	6		9,826	9,816	3	2	27,620	3	1920x1080	8x8	58,965	37,433	8.2	0.1	16.6	22.8	40.1	177.6	11.8	
C		19,642	9,826	9,816	3		27,620		1920×1080	10x10	52,047	30,515	8.3	0.1	16.1	17.2	23.2	177.6	15.8	
Sponza Atrium	11		66,934	480 480	1	1	13,688 6,240	1	1920x1600	4x4 4x4	23,244	11,308	8.8 8.8	0.1 0.1	8.4 5.4	56.7 28.2	12.9 7.2	195.2 195.2	11.9	
Glass Bunny	7	67,414 277,814	66,934 138,912	138,902	- 1	1	29,928		1920x1080	6x6	10,573 55,139	5,136 32,767	9.8	0.1	15.1	45.4	35.3	137.0	22.4 9.6	
diass burning	,	277,814	138,912	138,902	1	1	29,928	2	1920x1080	16x16	55,139	32,767	9.4	0.1	15.1	45.4	10.1	137.0	12.8	
Caustic Ring	11	812	412	400	-	1		1		1x1	27,917	5,020	1.4	0.1	21.3	6.4	3,4	200	28	
Caustic Ning	11	812	412	400	1	1	324,900	1	512x384 512x384	1x1	89,919	16,030	1.4	0.1	63.5	20.1	9.6	200	10.9	
	5		412	400	1	1	101,124	11	512X384 1920x1080	1x1	27917	5020	7.6	0.3	22.1	7.3	14.3	197.5	24.3	
											,,,,,	5020	7.0				2410	25/15	2.110	
		Key: Bold: Corresponds to a figure				Highlight: Changed from first row						Highlight: Bottleneck								



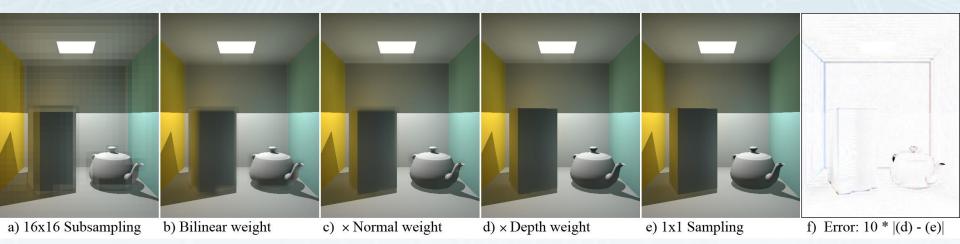
Trace-bound





Subsampling

- Joint-bilateral upsampling on normal and depth
- Subsample incident radiance, not pixel color (no diffuse surface assumption)





Multi-bounce Video



Diffuse Interreflection Video

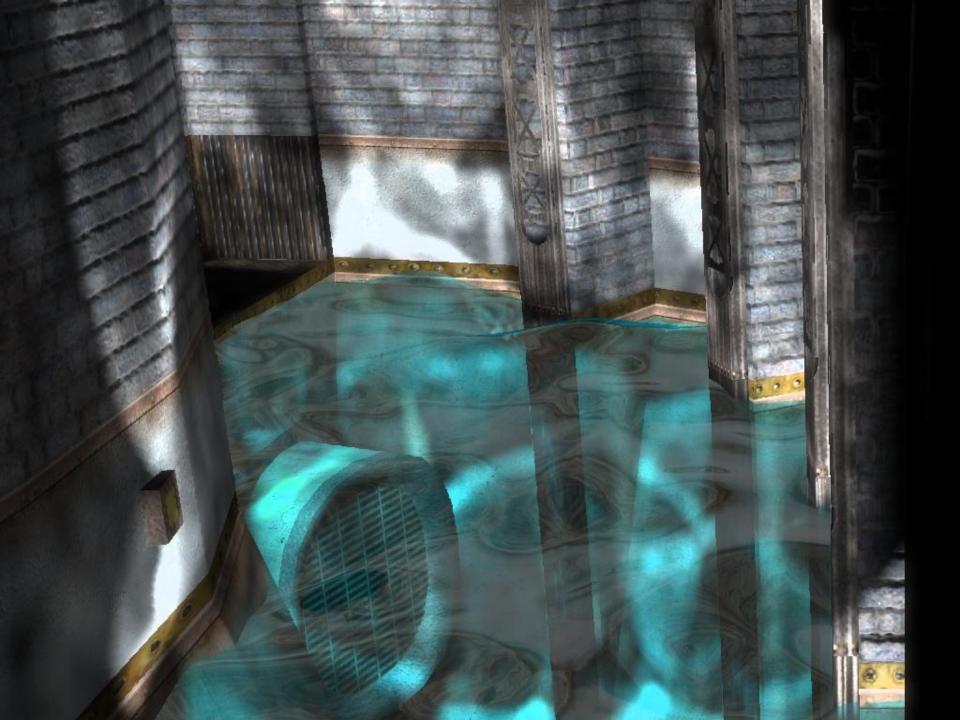


Caustics Video



Game Demo Video





ISPM Properties

- General physically-based method
 - Caustics, color bleeding, contact shadows, etc.
- As fast as single-phenomenon GPU algorithms
 - 1M poly scenes 1920x1080 @ 30 fps
 - ...but lower quality for that phenomenon
- Simple implementation
 - ~600 statements in GLSL and C++

Thank You!

Download our source code

- ISPM: http://graphics.cs.williams.edu
- G3D: http://g3d-cpp.sf.net

- Onos and NS Theme from Natural Selection 2 by Unknown Worlds Entertainment
- Nexus 6 from Tremulous
- Bunny from The Stanford 3D Scanning Repository
- Ironworks from Quake Live by id Software
- Sponza Atrium by Marko Dabrovic
- Special thanks to Evan Hart, Qi Mo, Kefei Lei, Daniel Fast, Eric Enderton, and anonymous HPG09 reviewers

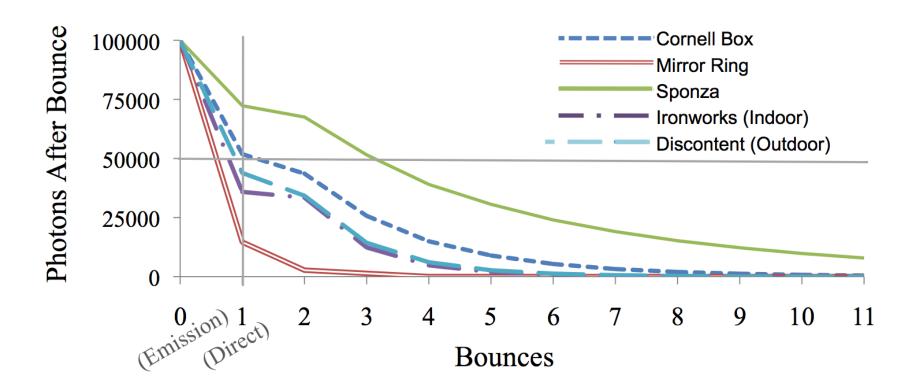


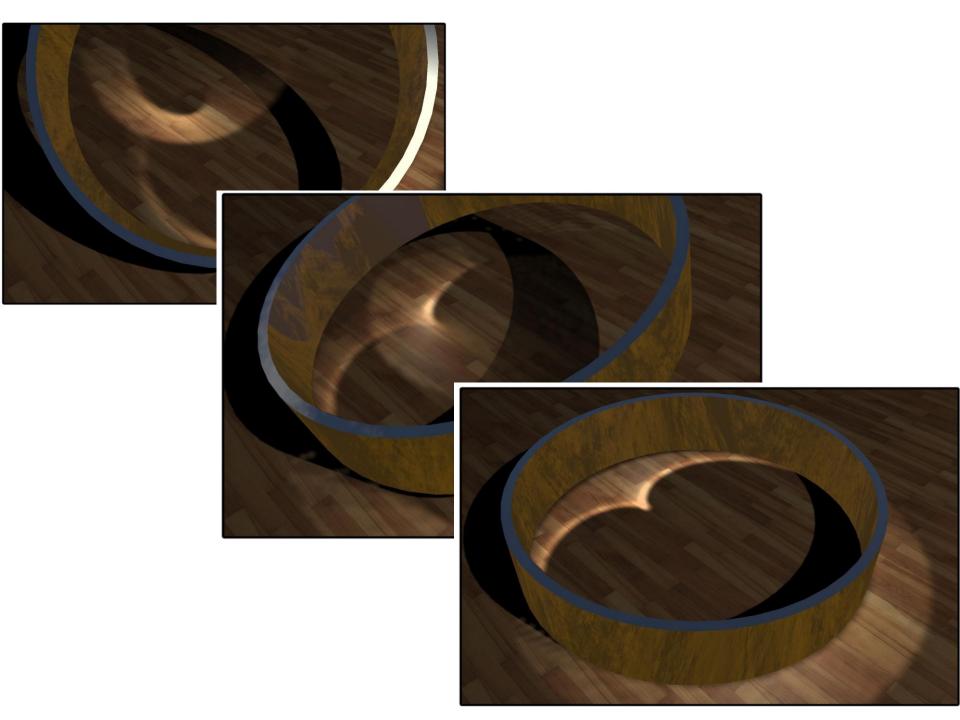
Problems Heuristic Solutions Jensen ISPM

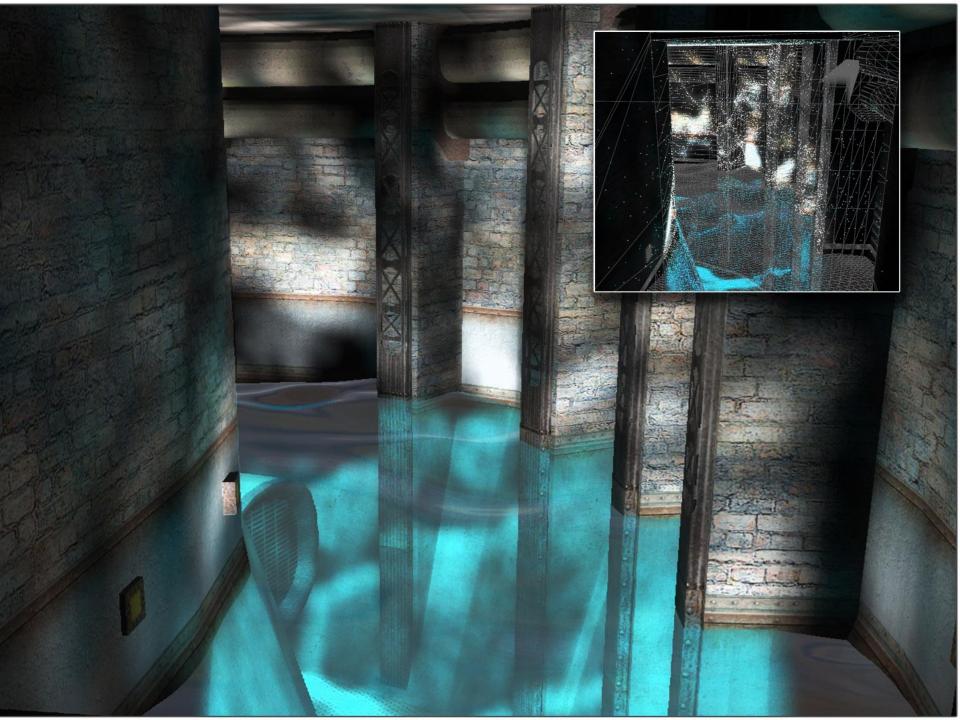
- Sources of error
- Surface point to be shaded
- Gather kernel extent

Photons and scatter kernels:

- Good estimator
- Poor estimator







Radiance Estimate

$$L_o(\vec{s}, \vec{\omega}_o) = \int f(\vec{x}, \vec{\omega}_i, \vec{\omega}_o) * L_i(\vec{s}, \vec{\omega}_i) * \max(0, \vec{\omega}_i, \vec{n}) d\vec{\omega}_i$$

$$\Delta L_o(\vec{s}, \vec{\omega}_o) = f(\vec{s}, \vec{\omega}_i, \vec{\omega}_o) * \Phi_i * \max(0, \vec{\omega}_i \cdot \vec{n}) * \kappa(\vec{x} - \vec{s}, \vec{n}_p)$$

ERT
$$\mathbf{r} =_{\kappa(\vec{x} - \vec{s}, \vec{n}_p)} = \text{texture1D}(\text{gaussian}, t)$$
rho)

$$t = \frac{|\vec{x} - \vec{s}|}{r_{xy}} \left(1 - \left| \frac{(\vec{x} - \vec{s})}{|\vec{x} - \vec{s}|} \cdot \vec{n}_p \right| \frac{r_{xy} - r_z}{r_z} \right)$$



Future Work

- Tracing on GPU
- Fill rate
- Shaping photon volume
- Game-specific optimizations and analysis
 - The Cornell box is harder to render than Natural Selection 2!

